



# **POLICY ON MATERIALITY OF RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS**

## **1. Preface**

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) of Yasho Industries Limited (the “Company”) has adopted the following Policy (the “Policy”) to determine Materiality of Related Party Transaction and also dealing with Related Party Transactions. The Policy has been formulated in order to comply the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and the Rules framed thereunder and Regulation 23 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“SEBI LODR Regulations”)

## **2. Objective of the Policy**

This Policy has been framed to provide the governance framework for Related Party Transactions to be entered into by the Company with the Related Parties and to set out the thresholds for Related Party Transactions.

## **3. Definitions**

- a. **“Arm’s Length Transaction”** means a transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.
- b. **“Audit Committee or Committee”** means a Committee of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Regulation 18 of the SEBI LODR Regulations.
- c. **“Board of Directors” or “Board”** means the Board of Directors of the Company.
- d. **“Related Party”** means a related party as defined under the Act and the Rules made thereunder and the Listing Regulations, as amended from time to time.



- e. **“Related Party Transaction/s”** shall mean such transactions as specified under the Act and the Rules made thereunder and Regulation 2(1)(zc) of the Listing Regulations, including any amendment or modification thereof, as may be applicable.
- f. **“Material Related Party Transaction/s”** means a transaction with a Related Party where the transaction/s to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a Financial Year, exceeds ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last Audited Financial Statements of the Company.

Notwithstanding the above, a transaction involving payments made to a Related Party with respect to brand usage or royalty shall be considered Material if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceed five percent of the annual consolidated turnover of the Company as per the last audited financial statements of the Company.

- g. Related Party Transactions requiring prior approval of the Shareholders of the Company (Rule 15 (3) of the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014):**

Contracts or arrangements with respect to the transaction /s with Related Party as defined under Section 188 (1) (a) to (e) of the Companies Act, 2013 shall require prior approval of the Company if they are as per criteria mentioned below:

- i. sale, purchase or supply of any goods or material directly or through agent, amounting to ten percent or more of the Turnover of the Company as mentioned in clause (a) and clause (e) respectively of sub-section (1) of Section 188;
- ii. selling or otherwise disposing of or buying property of any kind, directly or through agent amounting to ten percent or more of Net Worth of the Company, as mentioned in clause (b) and clause (e) respectively of sub-section (1) of Section 188;
- iii. leasing of property of any kind amounting to ten percent or more of Turnover of the Company, as mentioned in clause (c) of sub-section (1) of Section 188;
- iv. availing or rendering of any services directly or through agent, amounting to ten percent or more of the Turnover of the Company, as mentioned in clause (d) and clause (e) respectively of Sub-Section (1) of Section 188;



- v. appointment to any office or place of profit in the Company or its Subsidiary Company or Associate Company at a monthly remuneration exceeding Rupees Two Lac Fifty Thousand as mentioned in clause (f) of sub-section (1) of Section 188; or
- vi. remuneration for underwriting subscription of any securities or derivatives thereof of the company exceeding one percent of the Net Worth as mentioned in clause (g) of sub-section (1) of Section 188.

#### **Explanation**

- i. It is clarified that the limits specified in (i) to (iv) shall apply for transaction/s to be entered into either individually or taken together with previous transactions during a Financial Year.
- ii. The Turnover and Net Worth referred above shall be on the basis of the Audited Financial Statement of the preceding Financial Year.

#### **4. Procedure for approval of Related Party Transactions**

- a. All Related Party Transactions or any subsequent modifications of such transactions shall require prior approval of the Audit Committee. However, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Company for a period not exceeding one year subject to the following conditions:
  - i. The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with this Policy and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.
  - ii. The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself with the need for such omnibus approval keeping in view the interest of the Company;
  - iii. The Audit Committee shall specify in the omnibus approval
    - (i) the name/s of the Related Party,
    - (ii) nature of transaction,



- (iii) period of transaction,
  - (iv) maximum amount of transaction that can be entered into,
  - (v) the indicative base price / current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price, if any.
- iv. In case the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and the details are not available, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs.1 crores per transaction. The Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the Company pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
- v. Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year:
- b. All Related Party Transactions which are in Ordinary Course of Business and on arm's length basis, shall be placed before the Board to take note of the same, after approval by the Audit Committee.
- c. All Related Party Transactions which are not
- i. in the ordinary course of business or
  - ii. on arm length's basis
- shall require prior approval of the Board.
- d. All Material Related Party Transactions shall not be entered into except with the prior approval of the Board and the Shareholders of the Company by way of Resolution as provided in Section 188 of the Act and Regulation 23 (4) of LODR.
- e. **Materiality Thresholds:**

Regulation 23(1) of the SEBI LODR Regulations requires a company to specify threshold limit for Material Related Party Transactions as per which a transaction with a related party is considered material if the transaction / transactions to be entered into, either individually or taken together with previous transactions with such related party during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the consolidated annual turnover as per the last audited financial statements of the company. The Board shall review the limit once every three years and revise the limit of material related party transactions, if required.



## **5. Amendments and Updatons**

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and of the Act or Listing Regulations or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such Act or Listing Regulations or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy. Any subsequent amendment / modification in the Listing Regulations, Act and/or applicable laws in this regard shall automatically apply to this Policy.

Further the Board of Directors or such Committee authorised by the Board shall have the right to withdraw and / or amend any part of this Policy or the entire Policy, at any time, as it deems fit, or from time to time, and the decision of the Board or such Committee authorised by the Board in this respect shall be final and binding. Further the said policy shall be reviewed by the by the Board of Directors or any Committee authorised by the Board at least once every three years and updated accordingly.

## **6. Communication of this Policy**

This Policy will be posted on the website of the Company and a web link thereto shall be also provided in the Annual Report of the Company.